



ITMO UNIVERSITY

How to Win Coding Competitions: Secrets of Champions

Week 2: Computational complexity. Linear data structures
Lecture 5: Stack. Queue. Deque

Pavel Krotkov
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- ▶ implementation of Stack and Queue can be based on Vector or Array
- ▶ different implementations will have different properties

Stack has only two possible operations.

- ▶ **push** — inserting element to the end of structure

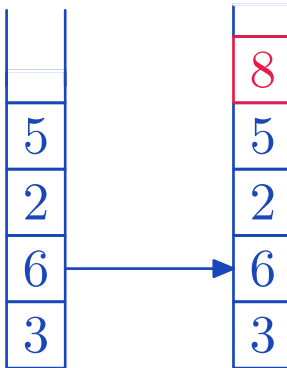
Stack has only two possible operations.

- ▶ **push** — inserting element to the end of structure
- ▶ **pop** — removing element from the end of structure and returning its value

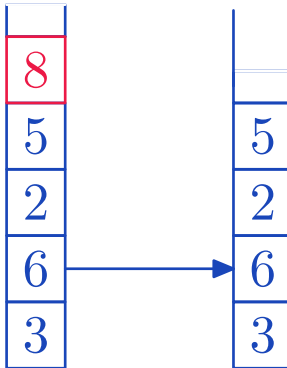
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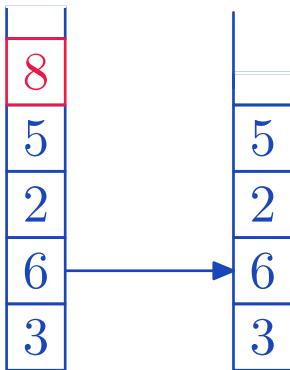
Push operation



Pop operation



Pop operation



The end of the structure is called *top of the stack*.

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- ▶ both this data structures support inserting elements to and removing elements from the end of the structure in constant time

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- ▶ etc.

Queue is a list organized by *FIFO* (first in - first out) rule.

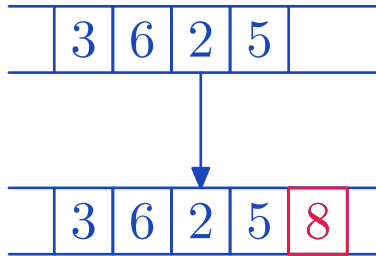
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- ▶ **enqueue** — inserting element to the end of structure
- ▶ **dequeue** — removing element from the beginning of structure

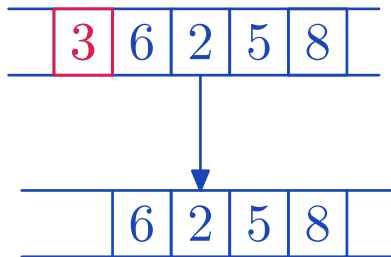
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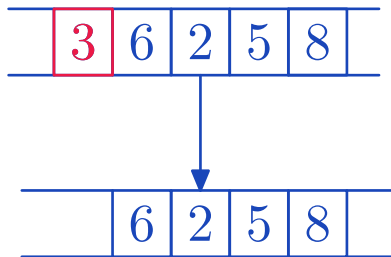
Enqueue operation



Dequeue operation

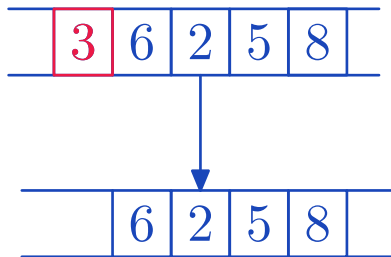


Dequeue operation



- ▶ the end of queue is called *tail*

Dequeue operation



- ▶ the end of queue is called *tail*
- ▶ the beginning of queue is called *head*

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Queue usage.

- ▶ graph algorithms (BFS)
- ▶ processing some queries in order of their arrival

Deque is a queue with allowed operations of removing element from the end and inserting element to the beginning.

- ▶ implementation details are very similar to queue implementation details
 - ▶ doubly linked list
 - ▶ cycled array (if fixed maximum size)
 - ▶ vector

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 - ▶ doubly linked list
 - ▶ cycled array (if fixed maximum size)
 - ▶ vector
- ▶ can be used as stack and as queue at the same time

Thank you
for your attention!